CHM151 Quiz 4 25 Pts Fall 2011 Due Wed. Oct 5. Name:______ ******SHOW ALL WORK <u>in neat form</u> TO RECEIVE CREDIT.******

1. (Pts) What is the empirical formula for the substance with this analysis:

	Elemental Analysis
Na=54.0% B =8.50%	O=37.5%

2. (Pts) When $Pb(NO_3)_2$ is heated in air, it decomposes to a lead oxide. If 2.00 g $Pb(NO_3)_2$ produce 1.35 g of the oxide, what is the formula of the oxide?

3. (Pts) A compound contains 30.5% nitrogen and 69.5% oxygen by mass and has a molar mass greater than 50 g·mol⁻¹. What is its molecular formula?

4. (Pts) A 6.80 g coin was dissolved in nitric acid and 6.21 g of AgCl was precipitated by the addition of excess sodium chloride,

 $Ag^+(aq) + Cl^-(aq) \rightarrow AgCl(s)$ Calculate the percentage silver in the coin.

5. (Pts) A 2.000 g sample of a Ni-Tl-Zn alloy is dissolved in nitric acid and 1.750 g of thallium(I) iodide, TlI, is precipitated by the addition of hydriodic acid. Calculate the percentage of thallium in the alloy.

Name:	
	_

 (Pts) A reaction between Na₂O and P₄O₁₀ forms Na₃PO₄. How many grams of Na₃PO₄ will be produced from the reaction of 0.200 mol of Na₂O with excess P₄O₁₀?

7. (Pts) Hydrochloric acid reacts with CaCO₃ according to equation (1). What mass of NaOH would be required to react according to equation (2) with the CO₂ liberated from 20 g of CaCO₃?

 $CaCO_{3}(s) + 2HCl(aq) \rightarrow CaCl_{2}(aq) + H_{2}O(l) + CO_{2}(g)$ (1) $CO_{2}(g) + NaOH(aq) \rightarrow Na_{2}CO_{3}(aq) + H_{2}O(l)$ (2)

8. (Pts) What mass of Na₂SO₄·10H₂O is required to prepare 50<u>0</u> mL of 0.20 M Na₂SO₄ solution?

9. (Pts) To what volume in liters must 105 mL of hydrochloric acid, containing 47.5 g of HCl, be diluted to make a 1.05 M solution?

10. (Pts) In the reaction $3Ca(OH)_{2(s)} + 2H_{3}PO_{4(aq)} \rightarrow Ca_{3}(PO_{4})_{2(s)} + 6H_{2}O(l)$ how many grams of Ca(OH)₂ are required to neutralize 10 L of 0.60 M H₃PO₄ solution?

11. (Pts) What volume of 0.060 M H₂SO₄ will neutralize 50.00 mL of 0.24 M NaOH?

12. (Pts) What volume of 0.131 M BaCl₂ is required to react completely with 42.0 mL of 0.453 M Na₂SO₄?

 $Ba^{2+}(aq) + SO_4^{2-}(aq) \rightarrow BaSO_4(s)$